DI2OT-03

		DI2OT-03
DTC	P0300	Random/Multiple Cylinder Misfire Detected
DTC	P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0305	Cylinder 5 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0306	Cylinder 6 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0307	Cylinder 7 Misfire Detected
DTC	P0308	Cylinder 8 Misfire Detected

# **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

Misfire: The ECM uses the crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor to monitor changes in the crankshaft rotation for each cylinder.

The ECM counts the number of times the engine speed change rate indicates that misfire has occurred. And when the misfire rate equals or exceeds the count indicating that the engine condition has deteriorated, the MIL lights up.

If the misfire rate is high enough and the driving conditions will cause catalyst overheating, the MIL blinks when misfiring occurs.

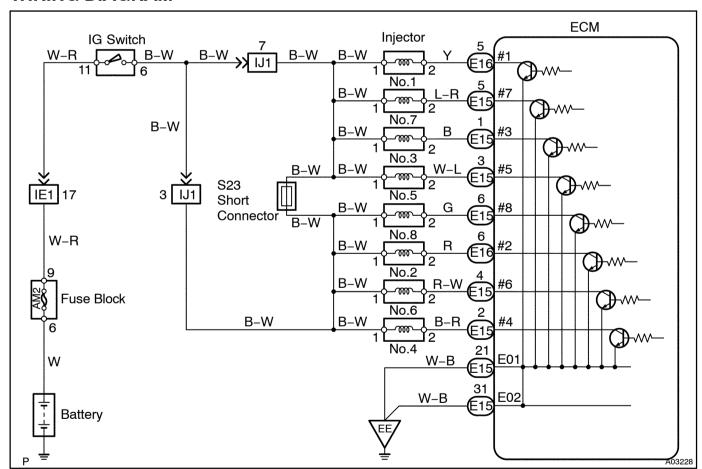
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DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
P0300	Misfiring of random cylinders is detected during any particular 200 or 1,000 revolutions  1 trip detection logic: MIL to brink  2 trip detection logic: MIL to light up	Open or short in engine wire Connector connection Vacuum hose connection Ignition system Injector Fuel pressure Mass air flow meter Engine coolant temp. sensor Compression pressure Valve clearance Valve timing ECM
P0301 P0302 P0303 P0304	For any particular 200 revolutions of engine, misfiring is detected which can cause catalyst overheating (This causes MIL to blink)  For any particular 1,000 revolutions of engine, misfiring is detected which causes a deterioration in emissions (2 trip detection logic)	
P0305 P0306 P0307 P0308		

## HINT:

When codes for a misfiring cylinder is recorded repeatedly but no random misfire code is recorded, it indicates that the misfires were detected and recorded at different times.

## WIRING DIAGRAM



# **CONFIRMATION DRIVING PATTERN**

- (a) Connect the LEXUS hand-held tester or OBD II scan tool to the DLC3.
- (b) Record DTC and the freeze frame data.
- (c) Use the LEXUS hand-held tester to set to the Check Mode (See page DI-164).
- (d) Drive the vehicle several times with the engine speed, load and its surrounding range shown with the ENGINE SPD, CALC LOAD in the freeze frame data or the MISFIRE RPM, MISFIRE LOAD in the data list. If you have no LEXUS hand-held tester, turn the ignition switch OFF after the symptom is simulated the first time. Then repeat the simulation process again.

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#### HINT:

In order to memorize DTC of misfire, it is necessary to drive around the MISFIRE RPM, MISFIRE LOAD in the data list for the following period of time.

Engine Speed	Time
Idling	3 minutes 30 seconds or more
1,000 rpm	3 minutes or more
2,000 rpm	1 minute 30 seconds or more
3,000 rpm	1 minute or more

- (e) Check whether there is misfire or not by monitoring DTC and the freeze frame data. After that, record them
- (f) Turn the ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 seconds.

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE

### HINT:

- If it is the case that DTC besides misfire is memorized simultaneously, first perform the troubleshooting for them.
- Read freeze frame data using LEXUS hand-held tester or OBD II scan tool. Because freeze frame
  records the engine conditions when the malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, it is useful for
  determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine was warmed up or not, the air-fuel
  ratio was lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.
- When the vehicle is brought to the workshop and the misfire is not occurred, misfire can be confirmed
  by reproducing the condition of freeze frame data. Also, after finishing the repair, confirm that there
  is no misfire (See confirmation driving pattern).
- When either of SHORT FT #1, LONG FT #1, SHORT FT #2 or LONG FT #2 in the freeze frame data
  is besides the range of ± 20 %, there is a possibility that the air-fuel ratio is inclining either to RICH
  (-20 % or less) or LEAN (+20 % or more).
- When COOLANT TEMP in the freeze frame data is less than 80°C (176°F), there is a possibility of misfire only during warmed up.
- In the case that misfire cannot be reproduced, the reason may be because of the driving with lack of fuel, the use of improper fuel, a stain of the ignition plug, and etc.
  - Check wire harness, connector and vacuum hose in engine room.

### **CHECK:**

1

- (a) Check the connection conditions of wire harness and connector.
- (b) Check the disconnection, piping and break of vacuum hose.

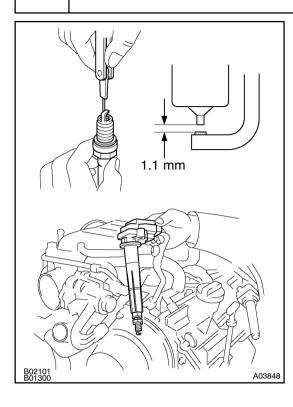
NG

Repair or replace, then confirm that there is no misfire (See confirmation driving pattern).

OK

2

# Check spark plug and spark of misfiring cylinder.



#### PREPARATION:

- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil (See page IG-7).
- (b) Remove the spark plug.

### **CHECK:**

- (a) Check the spark plug type.
- (b) Check the electrode for carbon deposits.
- (c) Check the electrode gap.

#### OK:

(a) Iridium-tipped spark plug Recommended spark plug:

DENSO made: SK20R11

NGK made: IFR6A11

(b) No large carbon deposit present.

Not wet with gasoline or oil.

(c) Electrode gap: 1.1 mm (0.043 in.)

#### PREPARATION:

- (a) Install the spark plug to the ignition coil, and connect the ignition coil connector.
- (b) Disconnect the injector connector.
- (c) Ground the spark plug.

#### CHECK:

Check if spark occurs while the engine is being cranked.

## **NOTICE:**

To prevent excess fuel from being injected from the injectors during this test, don't crank the engine for more than 5 – 10 seconds at a time.

#### OK:

Spark jumps across electrode gap.

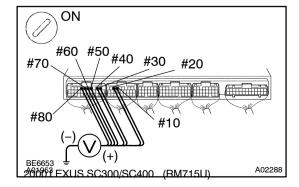
NG

Replace or check ignition system (See page IG-1).

OK

3

Check voltage of ECM terminal for injector of failed cylinder.



## **PREPARATION:**

- (a) Remove the ECM protector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.

## **CHECK:**

Measure the voltage between applicable terminal of the ECM connectors and body ground.

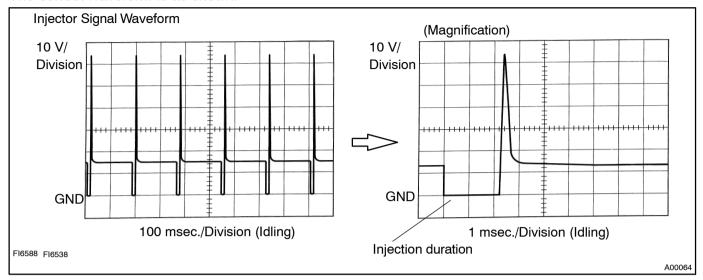
# OK:

Voltage: 9 - 14 V

### Reference: INSPECTION USING OSCILLOSCOPE

With the engine idling, check the waveform between terminals #10 - #80 and E01 of the ECM connectors. HINT:

The correct waveform is as shown.



OK Go to step 5.

NG

4 Check resistance of injector of misfiring cylinder (see page SF-19).

NG

Replace injector.

OK

Check for open and short in harness and connector between injector and ECM (See page IN-30).

5 Check fuel pressure (See page SF-5).

NG

Check and repair fuel pump, pressure regulator, fuel pipe line and filter (See page SF-5).

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6 Check injector injection (See page SF-24).

NG

Replace injector.

OK

7 Check mass air flow meter (See page SF-35) and engine coolant temperature sensor (See page SF-76).

NG

Repair or replace.

OK

Check compression pressure (See page EM-3), valve clearance (See page EM-4) and valve timing (See page EM-14).

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